

GOLD MEDAL AWARDED

Dearborn Methods of Treating Boiler Waters and Dearborn Vegetable Feed-Water Treatment at the World's Fair, St. Louis.

This award was made from results obtained in keeping a battery of 3,000 horse-power water-tube boilers absolutely free from scale and corrosion during the six months' run of the World's Fair Power Plant.

Are YOU using DEARBORN VEGETABLE FEED-WATER TREATMENT in your boilers? If not send gallon sample of water for analysis.

Write for Booklet "M" on Feed-Water Treatment.

DEARBORN DRUG AND CHEMICAL WORKS

WM. H. EDGAR, President. ROBT. F. CARR, Vice-Pres. and Gen. Mgr. WM. B. McVICKER, 2d Vice Pres. and East. Mgr. CHAS. M. EDDY, Sec. and Treas.

LABORATORIES AND WORKS, CHICAGO.

NEW YORK, 120 Liberty Street.

CHICAGO, 27-34 Rialto Building.

Philadelphia, The Bourse.
Detroit, Majestic Building.
Denver, Boston Building.
Boston, Oliver Building.

Atlanta, Prudential Building.
Salt Lake City, Dooly Block.
Pittsburg, House Building.
St. Louis, Security Building.

BRANCHES:

San Francisco, 115 Davis Street.
Buffalo, Ellicott Square Building.
Kansas City, New York Life Building.
Los Angeles, 307 N. Los Angeles Street.

Cincinnati, Union Trust Building.
St. Paul, 1237 Lincoln Avenue.

HONOLULU, 42 Emma Street,
Edward C. Brown, Manager.

MAUI HOTEL

WAILUKU, - MAUI

The Most Popular Hotel on
the Island.

LARGE, COOL, AIRY ROOMS AND

SUPERIOR CUISINE

MAKE THIS HOTEL THE LEADING RESORT FOR

TOURISTS AND THE
TRAVELING PUBLIC

SPECIAL RATES TO PARTIES BY THE
WEEK OR MONTH

Conveyances or Horses for Either Haleakala or
the Picturesque Iao Valley

MRS. M. CARNEGIE,
Manager

Japanese in Texas

San Francisco, March 25.—We are not informed as to the power behind the attempt to colonize Japanese in Texas, but assume it to be that of the allied transportation companies, which desire the benefit of the long haul from Japan to Texas, regardless of the serious consequences to the Southern people of any further complication of their race problem. The sane people of the south, however seem to have awakened to the danger of an immigration which begins with a contract for the settlement of 2000 Japanese families in a single district. At any rate a vigorous opposition has apparently been aroused which means likely to put an end to the scheme. It appears that the laws of Texas do not permit the ownership of lands by aliens, such legislation having been enacted some years ago in view of the absorption of enormous tracts of land into the single ownership of subjects and residents of Great Britain. Each Japanese immigrant proposed to become naturalized as quickly as the law would permit, and thus become qualified as a landowner. As the result, doubtless, of local opposition, rulings have been got that Japanese are ineligible to citizenship, which is said to have put a stop to the movement, pending a final decision by the courts.

As Walter Macarthur, the well known labor leader of this city, truthfully says, the character of a people is fixed by that of its workers. This is especially important in a republic, for from the workers there must come the continuous procession of those who rise to the important posts of society, and found families, which after a more or less extended period of influence and power, pass into degeneracy and oblivion. When the source of supply of strong men

is cut off the decadence and submergence of the nation is but a question of time. If, as must be proposed by any who favor Japanese immigration, it is desired to found a superior governing race on a substratum of an unassimilable proletariat, the notion of popular government must be abandoned, for the two ideas are contradictory. It would be bad enough to have our labor performed by an unassimilable race of helots. To put once intrust such a race with all the privileges and responsibilities of citizenship, as was proposed in the Texas colonization, would be political and social suicide. By our own improvident act we should destroy all the ideals in which Americans have taken pride.

Used His Knife to Excess.

An Ohio man who was recently elected to congress went to Waukegan to look around and see what his duties were. He was hospitably received and was wine and dined a great many times by his colleagues. Before he went home he said to his friends: "By George, I have had a good time! I have had dinners, and breakfasts and suppers galore given to me. In fact, I haven't had my knife out of my mouth since I struck town."

Looking For Williams.

Honolulu, March 31.—The federal authorities here and on the mainland are looking for Fred Williams, former assistant postmaster at Puunene, Maui. He is alleged to have drawn a number of postal orders in favor of one "R. A. Best," on California offices, and to have collected the money himself, having left here for California in March, 1904. He has been reported as in South Africa and in Australia and may be extradited.

May Stop Coolies From Coming

Honolulu, April 5.—The Japanese Government may issue an order to stop Japanese laborers from coming to Hawaii, said Mr. Miki Saito, the Japanese Consul-General yesterday, when shown a leading editorial in English in the Sunday Hawaii Shimpoo. "Mind you, I say may. The government may or may not do so. That suggestion in the Shimpoo, however, is more of an idea of Editor Shiozawa's."

The Japanese laborers are leaving Hawaii for the coast. To offset this it has been suggested that the Japanese government prevent more laborers coming to Hawaii to work in the canefields.

It is said that this matter has been brought officially to the attention of the Japanese government.

The Japanese leaving for Hawaii, are supposed to remain in the islands and not continue to the coast. It is thought that the plan proposed would stir the Planters' Association to doing something to prevent the exodus, steamer after steamer, and one which would be to use some influence with the steamship lines. Many of the planters are interested in the various steamer lines.

Curious Burial Relics of the Ancient Egyptians

The excavations which were commenced at Benihasan, on the east bank of the Nile, some two hundred miles above Cairo, in December, 1902 have now been completed. There have been discovered and searched in the necropolis extending along the face of the limestone cliff, 887 tombs, including that of Sebek He-tepa, 2300 B. C., together with its curious funeral models. Each burial chamber was formed of a recess at the base of a square shaft, occasionally at a depth of thirty feet, hewn

in the solid rock and carefully filled in. By this careful means the body of the deceased was preserved from disturbance. This type of burial antedates the mummification period; but it was found in the case of two bodies that decay had been arrested by the wrappings, which were found still intact. Each tomb contained a wooden sarcophagus, with the lines of religious formulae, and text inscribed upon it in the orthodox hieroglyphics, and with the head pointing to the north and the painted "eyes of Osiris" toward the east. The sarcophagus was surrounded with a large number of little wooden models representing river and sailing boats, a granary, group of persons baking, a man brewing, a man leading an ox, a girl carrying a brace of birds in her hands and a basket on her head. Notwithstanding the extreme age—four thousand years—of these curious relics, they were found to be in a remarkable state of preservation, the oarsmen in the galleys leaning upon their oars intact, and the paint still bright and clean. The ceremonies attending the interment of a woman were slightly dissimilar, the departed lady being provided with a basket of toilet requisites. These curious little models were buried in accordance with the ancient Egyptian religious rites, in order to provide the departed one with the necessities for their future life. One highly interesting discovery was made in the course of these excavations—an exact counterpart of the modern weaving reed as used in the mills at Wigan (England,) the only difference being that the ancient Egyptians of 2300 B. C. used cane teeth instead of steel.

MAUI SODA AND ICE WORKS, LIMITED.

ALWAYS ON HAND

Fresh Frozen Oysters.

Erehwon Island Butter.

CLEAR, COLD, CRYSTAL

ICE

Delivered at Your Door.

SODA WATER

ALL FLAVORS

Ginger Ale, Chocolate Cream,

Plain Soda and Root Beer.

Telephone Orders Receive
Prompt Attention.

The 16 years experience of our Manager enables us to
produce superior goods. We use absolutely pure extracts.

R. A. WADSWORTH,
Manager